MIL-PRF-38534 AND 38535 CERTIFIED FACILITY

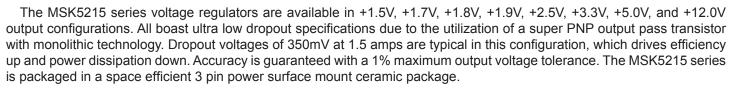


HIGH CURRENT, LOW DROPOUT SURFACE MOUNT VOLTAGE REGULATORS

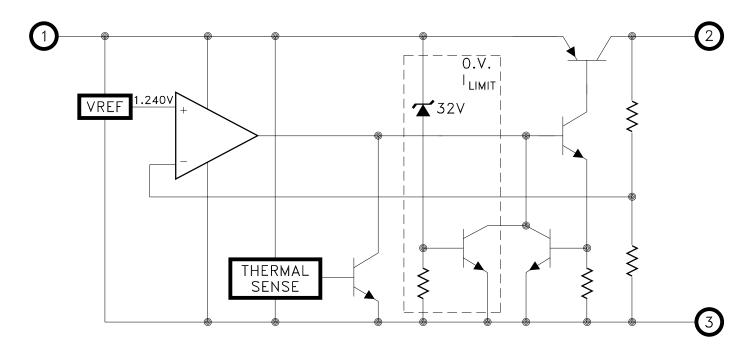
FEATURES:

- Hermetic Surface Mount Package
- Extremely Low Dropout Voltage: 350mV @ 1.5 Amps
- Available in 1.5V, 1.7V, 1.8V, 1.9V, 2.5V, 3.3V, 5.0V and 12.0V
- On Board Thermal Shut Down
- Reverse Battery and Load Dump Protection
- Low Ground Current: 32mA Typical at Full Load
- 1% Maximum Guaranteed Accuracy
- Output Current to 1.5 Amps
- Alternate Output Voltages Available

DESCRIPTION:



EQUIVALENT SCHEMATIC



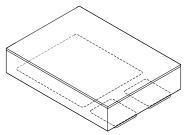
TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- High Efficiency, High Current Linear Regulators
- Constant Voltage/Current Regulators
- System Power Supplies
- Switching Power Supply Post Regulators
- Battery Powered Equipment

PIN-OUT INFORMATION

- 1 VIN
- 2 VOUT
- 3 GROUND

LID=ISOLATED



<u>5215</u>

SERIES

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V_{INP}	Input Voltage (100mS 1%D.C.	.)20V to +60V
VIN	Input Voltage	
	Enable Voltage	
lout	Output Current	3.5A

Tst Storage Temperature Range......-65°C to +150°C

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Test Conditions ① ③	Group A	Group A MSK5215H SERIES			MSK 5215 SERIES			Linita
Faiailielei		Subgroup	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage Tolerance	IOUT = 10mA; VIN = VOUT +1V	1	-	±0.5	±1.0	-	±0.5	±1.0	%
output voltage relevance		2, 3	-	±1.0	±2.0	-	-	-	%
Dropout Voltage ②	∆VOUT = -1%; IOUT = 100 mA	1	-	80	200	-	80	225	mV
	ΔVOUT = -1%; IOUT = 1.5A	1	-	350	600	-	350	625	mV
Load Regulation (8)	$10 \text{ mA} \le \text{IOUT} \le 1.25\text{A}$	1	-	±0.2	±1.0	-	±0.2	±1.2	%
		2, 3	-	±0.3	±2.0	-	±0.3	-	%
Line Regulation	$(\text{VOUT +1V}) \leq \text{VIN} \leq 26\text{V}$	1	-	±0.05	±0.5	-	±0.05	±0.6	%
	IOUT = 10 mA	2, 3	-	±0.5	±1.0	-	±0.5	-	%
Output Current Limit (2)	VOUT = 0V; VIN = VOUT +1V	-	-	2.1	3.5	-	2.1	3.5	A
Ground Current (2)	VIN = VOUT +1V; IOUT = 0.75A	-	-	18	30	-	18	30	mA
	VIN = VOUT +1V; IOUT = 1.5A	-	-	32	-	-	32	-	mA
Output Noise 2	CL = 10μ F; 10 HZ \leq f \leq 100 KHZ	-	-	400	-	-	400	-	μV
Thermal Resistance (2)	Junction to Case @ 125°C	-	-	3.5	4.0	-	3.5	4.5	°C/W
Thermal Shutdown (2)	TJ	-	-	130	-	-	130	-	°C

PART ⑦	OUTPUT
NUMBER	VOLTAGE
MSK5215-1.5	+1.5V
MSK5215-1.7	+1.7V
MSK5215-1.8	+1.8V
MSK5215-1.9	+1.9V
MSK5215-2.5	+2.5V
MSK5215-3.3	+3.3V
MSK5215-5.0	+5.0V
MSK5215-12	+12.0V

NOTES:

- ① Output decoupled to ground using 33µF minimum capacitor unless otherwise specified.
- ② Guaranteed by design but no tested. Typical parameters are representative of actual
- device performance but are for reference only.
- (3) All output parameters are tested using a low duty cycle pulse to maintain TJ = TC.
- Industrial grade devices shall be tested to subgroup 1 unless otherwise specified.
- 5 Military grade devices ('H' suffix) shall be 100% tested to subgroups 1,2,3.

(6) Subgroup 1 $TC = +25^{\circ}C$

- Subgroup 2 $TJ = +125^{\circ}C$ Subgroup 3 $TA = -55^{\circ}C$
- \bigcirc Please consult the factory if alternate output voltages are required.
- B Due to current limit, maximum output current may not be available at all values of VIN-VOUT and temperatures.
 - See typical performance curves for clarification.

REGULATOR PROTECTION:

The MSK5215 series is fully protected against reversed input polarity, overcurrent faults, overtemperature conditions (Pd) and transient voltage spikes of up to 60V. If the regulator is used in dual supply systems where the load is returned to a negative supply, the output voltage must be diode clamped to ground.

OUTPUT CAPACITOR:

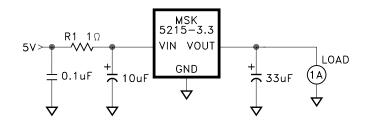
The output voltage ripple of the MSK5215 series voltage regulators can be minimized by placing a filter capacitor from the output to ground. The optimum value for this capacitor may vary from one application to the next, but a minimum of 33μ F is recommended for optimum performance. Transient load response can also be improved by placing a capacitor directly across the load. The capacitor should not be an ultra-low ESR type. Tantalum capacitors are best for fast load transients but aluminum electrolytics will work fine in most applications.

LOAD CONNECTIONS:

In voltage regulator applications where very large load currents are present, the load connection is very important. The path connecting the output of the regulator to the load must be extremely low impedance to avoid affecting the load regulation specifications. Any impedance in this path will form a voltage divider with the load.

MINIMIZING POWER DISSIPATION:

Many applications can not take full advantage of the extremely low dropout specifications of the regulator due to large input to output voltage differences. The simple circuit below illustrates a method to reduce the input voltage at the regulator to just over the dropout specification to keep the internal power dissipation minimized:



For a given continuous maximum load of 1 amp, R1 can be selected to drop the voltage seen at the regulator to 4V. This allows for the output tolerance and dropout specifications. Input voltage variations (5V) also should be included in the calculations. The resistor should be sized according to the power levels required for the application.

PACKAGE CONNECTIONS:

The MSK5215 series are highly thermally conductive devices and the thermal path from the package heat sink to the internal junctions is very short. Standard surface mount soldering techniques should be used when mounting the device. Some applications may require additional heat sinking of the device.

HEAT SINK SELECTION:

To select a heat sink for the MSK5215, the following formula for convective heat flow may be used.

Governing Equation:

$$T_j = Pd x (R_{\theta jc} + R_{\theta cs} + R_{\theta sa}) + Ta$$

WHERE:

Tj = Junction Temperature Pd = Total Power Dissipation Rθjc = Junction to Case Thermal Resistance Rθcs = Case to Heat Sink Thermal Resistance Rθsa = Heat Sink to Ambient Thermal Resistance Ta = Ambient Temperature

First, the power dissipation must be calculated as follows:

Next, the user must select a maximum junction temperature. The absolute maximum allowable junction temperature is 125° C. The equation may now be rearranged to solve for the required heat sink to ambient thermal resistance (R θ sa).

EXAMPLE:

An MSK5215-3.3 is configured for VIN=+5V and VOUT=+3.3V. lout is a continuous 1A DC level. The ambient temperature is +25°C. The maximum desired junction temperature is 125°C.

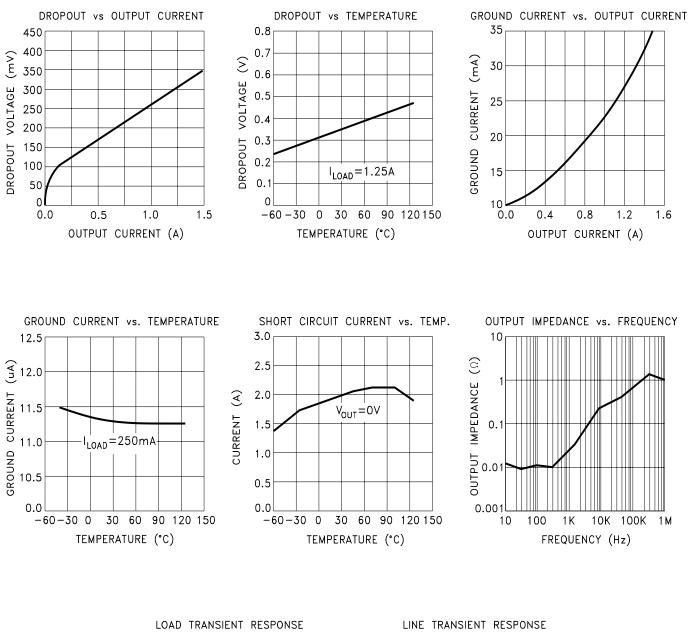
 $R\theta jc = 3.5^{\circ}C/W$ and $R\theta cs = 0.5^{\circ}C/W$ typically. Power Dissipation = $(5V - 3.3V) \times (1A)$ = 1.7 Watts

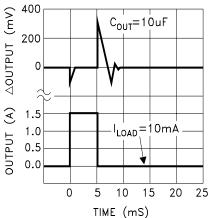
Solve for R₀sa:

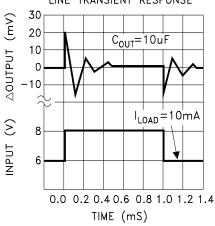
$$R\theta sa = \left[\frac{125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C}{1.7W}\right] - 3.5^{\circ}C/W - 0.5^{\circ}C/W$$
$$= 54.82^{\circ}C/W$$

In this example, a heat sink with a thermal resistance of no more than 54°C/W must be used to maintain a junction temperature of no more than 125°C.

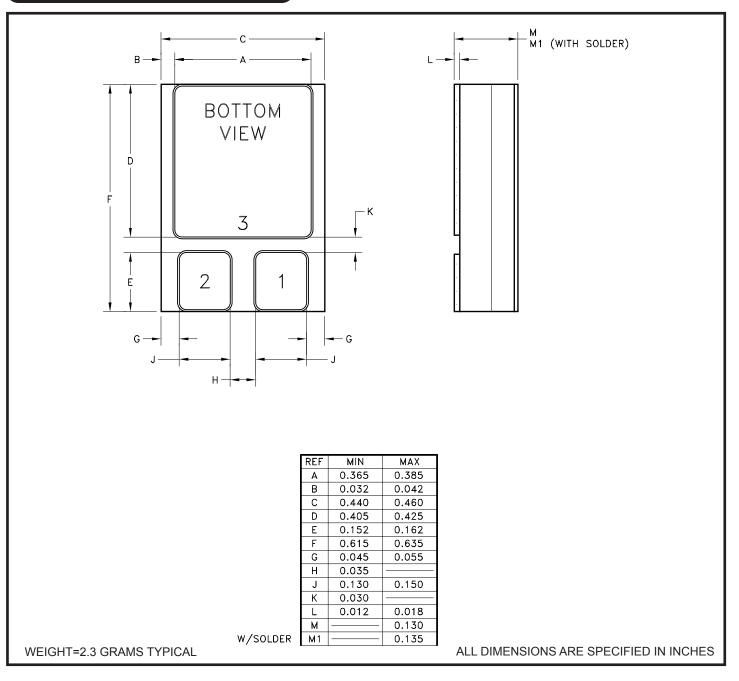
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES



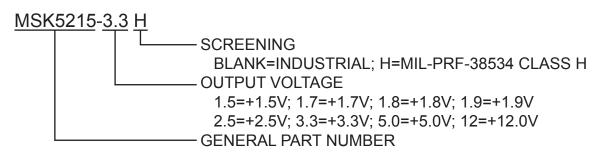




MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS



ORDERING INFORMATION



The above example is a +3.3V, Military regulator.

REVISION HISTORY

REV	STATUS	DATE	DESCRIPTION
Н	Released	07/15	Add ESD rating to absolute maximum ratings and update format.

MSK www.anaren.com/msk

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