

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF PURCHASE

CONFLICT MATERIALS STATEMENT

Section 1502 of the Dodd-Frank financial reform law (PL 111-203) requires companies that use conflict minerals defined as gold, tin, tantalum, and tungsten (commonly referenced as 3TG) in products to identify the country of origin of the source mine(s) of these metals used in making any product. An acceptable source of these metals is a smelter(s) validated as “conflict free” by an industry consortium such as the Conflict Free Sourcing Initiative (CFSI). In August 2012, the US Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) adopted rules that require TTM and other US public companies using these metals to report on their efforts to identify the sources of these metals in the various raw materials purchased by TTM and incorporated into TTM products. TTM does not support the use of ores illegally mined, transported or traded, or metals derived from these ores. These disclosures to the SEC are binding on both TTM and its suppliers. TTM therefore requires its suppliers to identify the source of these four metals used in making raw materials for TTM on form CE041, which is the latest revision (currently v3.02 dated November 7, 2014) of the CFSI’s “Conflict Minerals Reporting Template” (CMRT).